

Key Vocabulary	
<b>continent</b>	A very large area of land that includes all the islands with it.
<b>ocean</b>	A large area of sea.
<b>population</b>	The number of people that live in a particular place.
<b>landmark</b>	A well-known building or place.
<b>Australasia</b>	The continent of Australasia is often referred to as just Australia. It has about 28 countries and island groups.
<b>desert</b>	A large area of land that has very little rainfall and where not much grows.
<b>rainforest</b>	A large area of land with lots of tall trees and plenty of rainfall.

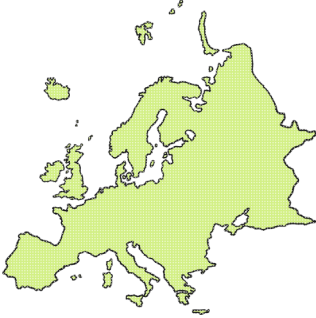
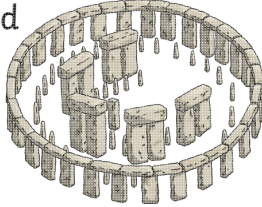
**Continents**

There are seven **continents**: Africa, Antarctica, Asia, **Australasia**, Europe, North America and South America. Some **continents** have many countries, others do not.

**World Oceans**

There are five **oceans** in the world: the Arctic Ocean, the Atlantic Ocean, the Indian Ocean, the Pacific Ocean and the Southern Ocean.



Europe	Landmarks	Continent Facts
<p>Europe is the second smallest <b>continent</b>. It has around 44 countries, including England. About 740 million people live in Europe. It is the third largest <b>continent</b> in terms of <b>population</b>.</p> 	<p>Europe has many famous <b>landmarks</b>, including Stonehenge in England, the Matterhorn in Switzerland and the Eiffel Tower in France.</p> <p><b>Landmarks</b> in other <b>continents</b> include the Yangtze River in China (which is in Asia) and the Great Barrier Reef located off the coast of Australia.</p> 	<p>Half the world's <b>population</b> live in Asia.</p> <p>The largest <b>desert</b> in the world (the Sahara) is in Africa.</p> <p>North America is twice the size of Europe.</p> <p>Over half of Australia is <b>desert</b> or receives little rain.</p> <p>The Amazon <b>rainforest</b> is in South America.</p> <p>Antarctica is known as the 'frozen continent.'</p>

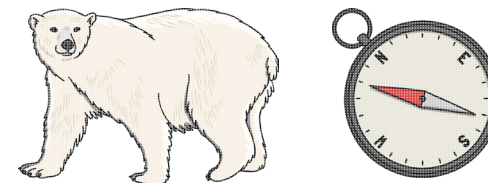
Key Vocabulary	
<b>compass</b>	A piece of equipment that tells you what direction you are travelling in. The main compass points are north, south, east and west.
<b>climate</b>	The usual weather conditions of an area.
<b>equator</b>	An imaginary line drawn around the middle of Earth, dividing it into the Northern and Southern Hemispheres.
<b>tropical</b>	Hot and humid.
<b>temperate</b>	Mild weather. Neither very hot nor very cold.
<b>capital city</b>	An important city, often where the government works.
<b>currency</b>	The money used in a country.
<b>cuisine</b>	Traditional food of a country.
<b>aerial</b>	Seen from above.

**Climate**

Countries around the world have different **climates**. **Climates** can be sorted into the following zones: warm, cold (or polar), **tropical** and **temperate**. Countries near the equator tend to have a hotter **climate**. Different animals are better suited to living in countries with a particular **climate**.

**Planning a Journey**

When people plan a journey, they might use maps and a **compass** to help them. You can record a journey on a map using a journey line.



Europe	Landmarks	Continent Facts
<p>France is in Europe. Its <b>capital city</b> is Paris.</p> <p>The <b>currency</b> of France is the euro and the national language is French. The <b>climate</b> in France is mostly <b>temperate</b>.</p> <p>Visitors to France can enjoy the French <b>cuisine</b>, such as croissants and landmarks like the Arc De Triomphe.</p>	<p>We can look at <b>aerial</b> photos of places and see different features.</p> <p>Some of these are made (or changed) by humans, others are natural (made by nature).</p>	<p>Natural features include caves, rocks, cliffs, forests and mountains. Natural features are sometimes called 'physical features.'</p> <p>Features made by people include bridges, buildings and roads.</p> <p>These features are sometimes called 'human features.'</p>

